

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-Q

(Mark One)

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the Quarterly Period ended September 30, 2020

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 or 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number 1-11588

**Saga Communications, Inc.**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**Florida**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**73 Kercheval Avenue**

**Grosse Pointe Farms, Michigan**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**38-3042953**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**48236**

(Zip Code)

**(313) 886-7070**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Class A Common Stock, par value \$.01 per share	SGA	NASDAQ

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes  No .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer  Accelerated filer  Non-accelerated filer  Smaller Reporting Company  Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

The number of shares of the registrant's Class A Common Stock, \$.01 par value, and Class B Common Stock, \$.01 par value, outstanding as of November 5, 2020 was 5,038,969 and 953,842, respectively.

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## PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION

**Item 1. Financial Statements**

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	(Unaudited)	(Note)
	(In thousands)	
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 48,279	\$ 44,034
Accounts receivable, net	13,668	18,962
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	3,278	2,478
Barter transactions	1,227	1,246
Total current assets	<u>66,452</u>	<u>66,720</u>
Property and equipment	142,648	142,403
Less accumulated depreciation	86,771	83,692
Net property and equipment	<u>55,877</u>	<u>58,711</u>
Other assets:		
Broadcast licenses, net	90,208	95,311
Goodwill	19,106	18,963
Other intangibles, deferred costs and investments, net	11,521	12,689
	<u>\$ 243,164</u>	<u>\$ 252,394</u>
<b>Liabilities and stockholders' equity</b>		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,226	\$ 2,117
Payroll and payroll taxes	6,446	7,439
Dividend payable	—	1,797
Other accrued expenses	4,910	4,996
Barter transactions	1,080	1,152
Total current liabilities	<u>14,662</u>	<u>17,501</u>
Deferred income taxes	23,227	25,152
Long-term debt	10,000	10,000
Other liabilities	7,036	7,389
Total liabilities	<u>54,925</u>	<u>60,042</u>
<b>Commitments and contingencies</b>		
	—	—
<b>Stockholders' equity:</b>		
Common stock	77	77
Additional paid-in capital	68,479	66,811
Retained earnings	156,722	162,822
Treasury stock	(37,039)	(37,358)
Total stockholders' equity	<u>188,239</u>	<u>192,352</u>
	<u>\$ 243,164</u>	<u>\$ 252,394</u>

Note: The balance sheet at December 31, 2019 has been derived from the audited financial statements at that date but does not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements.

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)			
	(In thousands, except per share data)			
Net operating revenue	\$ 24,143	\$ 31,274	\$ 67,060	\$ 91,281
Station operating expenses	19,616	23,600	60,467	69,642
Corporate general and administrative	2,838	2,788	8,923	8,179
Other operating expense (income), net	50	85	(1,234)	86
Impairment of broadcast licenses	1,392	—	5,149	—
Operating income (loss)	247	4,801	(6,245)	13,374
Interest expense	75	180	265	572
Interest income	(8)	(162)	(141)	(485)
Other income	—	(11)	(213)	(11)
Income (loss) before income tax (benefit) expense	180	4,794	(6,156)	13,298
Income tax (benefit) expense	1,130	1,460	(1,975)	3,860
Net income (loss)	<u>\$ (950)</u>	<u>\$ 3,334</u>	<u>\$ (4,181)</u>	<u>\$ 9,438</u>
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ .56</u>	<u>\$ (0.70)</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ .56</u>	<u>\$ (0.70)</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>
Weighted average common shares	<u>5,869</u>	<u>5,834</u>	<u>5,867</u>	<u>5,840</u>
Weighted average common and common equivalent shares	<u>5,869</u>	<u>5,834</u>	<u>5,867</u>	<u>5,840</u>
Dividends declared per share	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ .30</u>	<u>\$ .32</u>	<u>\$ .90</u>

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital (In thousands)	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount (unaudited)				
<b>Balance at December 31, 2018</b>	6,732	\$ 67	923	\$ 9	\$ 64,795	\$ 156,689	\$ (36,561)	\$ 184,999
Net income, Three months ended March 31, 2019	—	—	—	—	—	1,370	—	1,370
Dividends declared per common share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,784)	—	(1,784)
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	559	—	—	559
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(80)	(80)
401(k) plan contribution	—	—	—	—	(113)	—	375	262
<b>Balance at March 31, 2019</b>	<u>6,732</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>923</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 65,241</u>	<u>\$ 156,275</u>	<u>\$ (36,266)</u>	<u>\$ 185,326</u>
Net income, Three months ended June 30, 2019	—	—	—	—	—	4,734	—	4,734
Dividends declared per common share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,784)	—	(1,784)
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	565	—	—	565
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(247)	(247)
<b>Balance at June 30, 2019</b>	<u>6,732</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>923</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 65,806</u>	<u>\$ 159,225</u>	<u>\$ (36,513)</u>	<u>\$ 188,594</u>
Net income, Three months ended September 30, 2019	—	—	—	—	—	3,334	—	3,334
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Dividends declared per common share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,781)	—	(1,781)
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	532	—	—	532
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(276)	(276)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2019</b>	<u>6,730</u>	<u>\$ 67</u>	<u>923</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 66,338</u>	<u>\$ 160,778</u>	<u>\$ (36,789)</u>	<u>\$ 190,403</u>

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	Class A Common Stock		Class B Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital (In thousands)	Retained Earnings	Treasury Stock	Total Stockholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount (unaudited)				
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	6,771	\$ 68	954	\$ 9	\$ 66,811	\$ 162,822	\$ (37,358)	\$ 192,352
Net income, Three months ended March 31, 2020	—	—	—	—	—	1,680	—	1,680
Dividends declared per common share	—	—	—	—	—	(1,919)	—	(1,919)
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	569	—	—	569
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(20)	(20)
401(k) plan contribution	—	—	—	—	(131)	—	382	251
<b>Balance at March 31, 2020</b>	<u>6,771</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>954</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 67,249</u>	<u>\$ 162,583</u>	<u>\$ (36,996)</u>	<u>\$ 192,913</u>
Net loss, Three months ended June 30, 2020	—	—	—	—	—	(4,911)	—	(4,911)
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(2)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	612	—	—	612
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(21)	(21)
<b>Balance at June 30, 2020</b>	<u>6,769</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>954</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 67,861</u>	<u>\$ 157,672</u>	<u>\$ (37,017)</u>	<u>\$ 188,593</u>
Net loss, Three months ended September 30, 2020	—	—	—	—	—	(950)	—	(950)
Compensation expense related to restricted stock awards	—	—	—	—	618	—	—	618
Purchase of shares held in treasury	—	—	—	—	—	—	(22)	(22)
<b>Balance at September 30, 2020</b>	<u>6,769</u>	<u>\$ 68</u>	<u>954</u>	<u>\$ 9</u>	<u>\$ 68,479</u>	<u>\$ 156,722</u>	<u>\$ (37,039)</u>	<u>\$ 188,239</u>

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019
	(Unaudited)	
	(In thousands)	
<b>Cash flows from operating activities:</b>		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 8,206	\$ 18,968
<b>Cash flows from investing activities:</b>		
Acquisition of property and equipment	(1,880)	(4,667)
Acquisition of broadcast properties	(190)	(763)
Proceeds from sale and disposal of assets	1,675	250
Proceeds from insurance claims	213	—
Other investing activities	—	—
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(182)	(5,180)
<b>Cash flows from financing activities:</b>		
Cash dividends paid	(3,716)	(6,842)
Payments on long-term debt	—	(10,000)
Purchase of treasury shares	(63)	(603)
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,779)	(17,445)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	4,245	(3,657)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	44,034	44,729
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	<u>\$ 48,279</u>	<u>\$ 41,072</u>

See notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

***Basis of Presentation***

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for annual financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements include all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature considered necessary for a fair presentation of our financial position as of September 30, 2020 and the results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. Results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2020.

We own or operate broadcast properties in 27 markets, including 79 FM and 34 AM radio stations and 78 metro signals.

For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Saga Communications, Inc. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

We have evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date of September 30, 2020, for items that should potentially be recognized in these financial statements or discussed within the notes to the financial statements.

***Earnings Per Share Information***

Earnings per share is calculated using the two-class method. The two-class method is an earnings allocation formula that determines earnings per share for each class of common stock and participating security. The Company has participating securities related to restricted stock units, granted under the Company's Second Amended and Restated 2005 Incentive Compensation Plan, that earn dividends on an equal basis with common shares. In applying the two-class method, earnings are allocated to both common shares and participating securities.



## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per share:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
(In thousands, except per share data)				
Numerator:				
Net income (loss)	\$ (950)	\$ 3,334	\$ (4,181)	\$ 9,438
Less: Income (loss) allocated to unvested participating securities	(20)	61	(86)	173
Net income (loss) available to common stockholders	<u>\$ (930)</u>	<u>\$ 3,273</u>	<u>\$ (4,095)</u>	<u>\$ 9,265</u>
Denominator:				
Denominator for basic earnings (loss) per share — weighted average shares	5,869	5,834	5,867	5,840
Effect of dilutive securities:				
Common stock equivalents	—	—	—	—
Denominator for diluted earnings (loss) per share — adjusted weighted-average shares and assumed conversions	<u>5,869</u>	<u>5,834</u>	<u>5,867</u>	<u>5,840</u>
Earnings (loss) per share:				
Basic	<u>\$ (.16)</u>	<u>\$ .56</u>	<u>\$ (.70)</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ (.16)</u>	<u>\$ .56</u>	<u>\$ (.70)</u>	<u>\$ 1.59</u>

There were no stock options outstanding that had an antidilutive effect on our earnings per share calculation for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The actual effect of these shares, if any, on the diluted earnings per share calculation will vary significantly depending on the fluctuation in the stock price.

**Financial Instruments**

Our financial instruments are comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and long-term debt. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate fair value due to their short maturities. The carrying value of long-term debt approximates fair value as it carries interest rates that either fluctuate with the euro-dollar rate, prime rate or have been reset at the prevailing market rate at September 30, 2020.

**Allowance for Doubtful Accounts**

A provision for doubtful accounts is recorded based on our judgment of collectability of receivables. Amounts are written off when determined to be fully uncollectible. Delinquent accounts are based on contractual terms. We have included in our calculation of our allowance for doubtful accounts, the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our customers' businesses and their ability to pay their accounts receivable. We maintain a specific allowance for estimated losses resulting from the inability of certain customers to make required payments. We also consider factors external to the specific customer, including current conditions and forecasts of economic conditions, including the potential impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. In the event we recover amounts previously written off, we will reduce the specific allowance for credit loss.

SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

***Income Taxes***

Our effective tax rate is higher than the federal statutory rate as a result of the inclusion of state taxes in the income tax amount. We have historically calculated the provision for income taxes during interim reporting periods by applying an estimate of the annual effective tax rate for the full fiscal year to “ordinary” income or loss (pretax income or loss excluding unusual or infrequently occurring discrete items) for the reporting period.

***Segments***

We serve twenty-seven radio markets (reporting units) that aggregate into one operating segment (Radio), which also qualifies as a reportable segment. We operate under one reportable business segment for which segment disclosure is consistent with the management decision-making process that determines the allocation of resources and the measuring of performance. The Chief Operating Decision Maker (“CODM”) evaluates the results of the radio operating segment and makes operating and capital investment decisions based at the Company level. Furthermore, technological enhancements and system integration decisions are reached at the Company level and applied to all markets rather than to specific or individual markets to ensure that each market has the same tools and opportunities as every other market. Managers at the market level do not report to the CODM and instead report to other senior management, who are responsible for the operational oversight of radio markets and for communication of results to the CODM. We continually review our operating segment classification to align with operational changes in our business and may make changes as necessary.

***Time Brokerage Agreements/Local Marketing Agreements***

We have entered into Time Brokerage Agreements (“TBAs”) or Local Marketing Agreements (“LMAs”) in certain markets. In a typical TBA/LMA, the FCC licensee of a station makes available, for a fee, blocks of air time on its station to another party that supplies programming to be broadcast during that air time and sells their own commercial advertising announcements during the time periods specified. Revenue and expenses related to TBAs/LMAs are included in the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. Assets and liabilities related to the TBAs/LMAs are included in the accompanying unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

**2. Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

***Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements***

In January 2017, the FASB issued ASU 2017-04, “*Intangibles – Goodwill and Other (Topic 350)*” (“ASU 2017-04”) which removes step 2 from the goodwill impairment test. Under the new guidance, if a reporting unit’s carrying amount exceeds its fair value, an entity will record an impairment charge based on that difference. The impairment charge will be limited to the amount of goodwill allocated to that reporting unit. ASU 2017-04 will be applied prospectively and is effective for fiscal years and interim impairment tests performed in periods beginning after December 15, 2019 with early adoption permitted. The Company adopted this standard January 1, 2020 and there was no material impact.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, “*Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*” (“ASU 2016-13”), which amends guidance on reporting credit losses for assets held at amortized cost basis and available for sale debt securities. The guidance requires companies to measure credit losses utilizing a methodology that reflects expected credit losses and requires the consideration of a broader range of reasonable and supportable information to inform credit loss estimates. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company adopted this standard January 1, 2020 and there was no material impact.

***Recent Accounting Pronouncements – Not Yet Adopted***

In December 2019, the FASB issued ASU 2019-12, “*Income Taxes (Topic 740): Simplifying the Accounting for Incomes Taxes*” (“ASU 2019-02”) which is intended to simplify various aspects related to accounting for income taxes. ASU 2019-12 removes certain exceptions to the general principles in Topic 740 and also clarifies and amends existing

## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

guidance regarding the tax treatment of certain franchise taxes, goodwill and nontaxable entities, among other items to improve consistent application. ASU 2019-12 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021 and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2022. We are currently evaluating the impact of this standard on our consolidated financial statements.

**3. Revenue***Nature of goods and services*

The following is a description of principal activities from which we generate our revenue:

*Broadcast Advertising Revenue*

Our primary source of revenue is from the sale of advertising for broadcast on our stations. We recognize revenue from the sale of advertising as performance obligations are satisfied upon airing of the advertising; therefore, revenue is recognized at a point in time when each advertising spot is transmitted. Agency commissions are calculated based on a stated percentage applied to gross billing revenue for our advertising inventory placed by an agency and are reported as a reduction of advertising revenue.

*Digital Advertising Revenue*

We recognize revenue from our digital initiatives across multiple platforms such as targeted digital advertising, online promotions, advertising on our websites, mobile messaging, email marketing and other e-commerce. Revenue is recorded when each specific performance obligation in the digital advertising campaign takes place, typically within a one month period.

*Other Revenue*

Other revenue includes revenue from concerts, promotional events, tower rent and other miscellaneous items. Revenue is generally recognized when the event is completed, as the promotional events are completed or as each performance obligation is satisfied.

*Disaggregation of Revenue*

Revenues from contracts with customers comprised the following for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
	(in thousands)		(in thousands)	
<b>Types of Revenue</b>				
Broadcast Advertising Revenue, net	\$ 22,124	\$ 28,562	\$ 61,119	\$ 83,245
Digital Advertising Revenue	845	879	2,412	2,769
Other Revenue	1,174	1,833	3,529	5,267
Net Revenue	<u>\$ 24,143</u>	<u>\$ 31,274</u>	<u>\$ 67,060</u>	<u>\$ 91,281</u>

*Contract Liabilities*

Payments from our advertisers are generally due within 30 days although certain advertisers are required to pay in advance. When an advertiser pays for the services in advance of the performance obligations these prepayments are recorded as contract liabilities. Typical contract liabilities relate to prepayments for advertising spots not yet run; prepayments from sponsors for events that have not yet been held; and gift cards sold on our websites used to finance a broadcast advertising campaign. Generally all contract liabilities are expected to be recognized within one year and are included in accounts payable in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and are immaterial.

SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

*Transaction Price Allocated to the Remaining Performance Obligations*

As the majority of our sales contracts are one year or less, we have utilized the optional exemption under ASC 606-10-50-14 and will not disclose information about the remaining performance obligations for sales contracts which have original expected durations of one year or less.

**4. Broadcast License, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets**

We evaluate our FCC licenses for impairment annually, or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. We operate our broadcast licenses in each market as a single asset and determine the fair value by relying on a discounted cash flow approach assuming a start-up scenario in which the only assets held by an investor are broadcast licenses. The fair value calculation contains assumptions incorporating variables that are based on past experiences and judgments about future operating performance using industry normalized information for an average station within a market. These variables include, but are not limited to: (1) the forecasted growth rate of each radio market, including population, household income, retail sales and other expenditures that would influence advertising expenditures; (2) the estimated available advertising revenue within the market and the related market share and profit margin of an average station within a market; (3) estimated capital start-up costs and losses incurred during the early years; (4) risk-adjusted discount rate; (5) the likely media competition within the market area; and (6) terminal values. If the carrying amount of FCC licenses is greater than their estimated fair value in a given market, the carrying amount of FCC licenses in that market is reduced to its estimated fair value.

We also evaluate goodwill for impairment annually, or more frequently if certain circumstances are present. If the carrying amount of goodwill is greater than the implied value of goodwill determined by completing a hypothetical purchase price allocation using estimated fair value, the carrying amount of goodwill is reduced to its implied value.

We evaluate amortizable intangible assets for recoverability when circumstances indicate impairment may have occurred, using an undiscounted cash flow methodology. If the future undiscounted cash flows for the intangible asset are less than net book value, then the net book value is reduced to the estimated fair value. Amortizable intangible assets are included in other intangibles, deferred costs and investments in the consolidated balance sheets.

*2020 Impairment Test*

Due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the U.S. economy and the related significant negative impact on our revenue for the second and third quarter of 2020, and the significant decline in our revenue pacing information for the fourth quarter of 2020 (excluding political advertising) and beyond in the majority of our markets, the Company tested its FCC License for impairment during the second quarter and again in the third quarter of 2020. We also reviewed our value of goodwill and other long-lived assets during the second quarter of 2020 as of June 30, 2020 and again in the third quarter of 2020 as of September 30, 2020, noting no impairment in goodwill or other long-lived assets. Our broadcast revenue has been significantly negatively impacted in the majority of the states where we operate, due to economic shutdowns and the related decline in advertising spending nationwide as most companies were making massive payroll cuts out of a necessity to survive with their revenues also significantly impacted. We have experienced a significant number of cancellations of advertising on our stations, with the greatest decreases in the following industries/categories: Automotive, Entertainment, Home Improvement, Professional Services, Restaurants, and Retail. The only category where we saw an increase over the prior quarter and year to date were political advertising and government/public service/issue. We also saw significant declines in our revenue related to events, venues, travel and sports as these types of businesses have been virtually shut down. We are starting to see increased revenues from our low point in Q2 2020, however, they are not at the previously expected recovery rate. Many areas of advertising and markets are slower to recover than we had expected during our Q2 2020 impairment analysis.

As a result of the quantitative impairment test performed as of June 30, 2020, the Company determined that the fair value of the broadcast licenses were less than the carrying amount on the balance sheet and recorded non-cash impairment charges totaling \$3.8 million related to the FCC licenses in our Bucyrus, Ohio; Champaign, Illinois; Charleston, South Carolina; Columbus, Ohio; Harrisonburg, Virginia; Hilton Head, South Carolina; Mitchell, South Dakota; and Ocala, Florida markets. The impairment charges were primarily due to a decrease in projected revenue in

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)**

these markets due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, an increase in the discount rate used in the discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value of our FCC licenses due to certain risks specifically associated with the Company and the radio broadcasting industry, and a decrease in mature operating margins in small markets due to the cost of operations in a small market.

As a result of the quantitative impairment test performed as of September 30, 2020, the Company determined that the fair value of the broadcast licenses were less than the carrying amount on the balance sheet and recorded non-cash impairment charges totaling \$1.4 million for the quarter ended September 30, 2020 related to the FCC licenses in our Bellingham, Washington; Champaign, Illinois; Charleston, South Carolina; Columbus, Ohio; Harrisonburg, Virginia; Mitchell, South Dakota; Spencer, Iowa and Springfield, Illinois. The impairment charges were primarily due to a decrease in projected revenue in these markets due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, an increase in the discount rate used in 2019 but slightly less than in the second quarter of 2020, in the discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value of our FCC licenses due to certain risks specifically associated with the Company and the radio broadcasting industry, and a decrease in mature operating margins in small markets due to the cost of operations in a small market. If actual market conditions are less favorable than those estimated by us or if events occur or circumstances change that would reduce the fair value of our broadcast licenses below the carrying value, we may be required to recognize additional impairment charges in future periods. Such a charge could have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

The following table reflects certain key estimates and assumptions used in the impairment test in the second and third quarter of 2020 and the fourth quarter of 2019, and 2018. The ranges for operating profit margin and market long-term revenue growth rates vary by market. In general, when comparing among 2020, 2019 and 2018: (1) the market specific operating profit margin range remained relatively consistent with some decreases to our smaller markets due to the cost of operations in a small market ; (2) the market long-term revenue growth rates were relatively consistent; (3) the discount rate increased a small percentage due to the COVID-19 pandemic; and (4) current year revenue projections were 10.4% - 21.4% lower than previously projected for 2020 and revenue projections for 2021 were 7.6% - 10.7% lower than previously projected.

	<b>Second and Third Quarter 2020</b>	<b>Fourth Quarter 2019</b>	<b>Fourth Quarter 2018</b>
Discount Rates	12.6% - 13.0%	12.2% - 12.2%	12.0% - 12.0%
Operating profit margin ranges	17.8% - 36.4%	19.0% - 36.4%	19.0% - 36.4%
Market long-term revenue growth rates	0.2% - 2.9%	0.0% - 2.9%	0.5% - 2.9%

If actual market conditions are less favorable than those estimated by us or if events occur or circumstances change that would reduce the fair value of our broadcast licenses below the carrying value, we may be required to recognize additional impairment charges in future periods. Such a charge could have a material effect on our consolidated financial statements.

Intangible assets that have finite lives are amortized over their useful lives using the straight-line method. Favorable lease agreements are amortized over the lives of the leases ranging from five to twenty-six years. Other intangibles are amortized over one to fifteen years. Customer relationships are amortized over three years.

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)****5. Common Stock and Treasury Stock**

The following summarizes information relating to the number of shares of our common stock issued in connection with stock transactions through September 30, 2020:

	<b>Common Stock Issued</b>	
	<b>Class A</b>	<b>Class B</b>
	<b>(Shares in thousands)</b>	
Balance, January 1, 2019	6,732	923
Conversion of shares	13	(13)
Issuance of restricted stock	29	44
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(3)	—
Balance, December 31, 2019	6,771	954
Forfeiture of restricted stock	(2)	—
Balance, September 30, 2020	6,769	954

We have a Stock Buy-Back Program to allow us to purchase up to \$75.8 million of our Class A Common Stock. As of September 30, 2020, we have remaining authorization of \$19.2 million for future repurchases of our Class A Common Stock. On September 14, 2017, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of our Class A Common Stock under our trading plan adopted pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 10b5-1. The Rule 10b5-1 repurchase plan allows us to repurchase our shares during periods when we would normally not be active in the market due to our internal trading blackout periods. Under the plan, we may repurchase our Class A Common Stock in any combination of open market, block transactions and privately negotiated transactions subject to market conditions, legal requirements including applicable SEC regulations (which include certain price, market, volume and timing constraints), specific repurchase instructions and other corporate considerations. Purchases under the plan are funded by cash on our balance sheet. The plan does not obligate us to acquire any particular amount of Class A Common Stock. Our original purchase authorization was effective until September 1, 2018 and has been extended several times, with the most recent extension being through May 28, 2020. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, approximately 1,000, 2,600, 9,600 and 20,700 shares, respectively were repurchased for \$22,000, \$63,000, \$276,000 and \$603,000 respectively, related to the Stock Buy-Back Program. Given the unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 virus and the resulting economic issues we have halted the directions for any additional buybacks under our plan.

**6. Leases**

We lease certain land, buildings and equipment for use in our operations. We recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term and combine lease and non-lease components for all leases. Right-of-use (“ROU”) assets and lease liabilities are recorded on the balance sheet for all leases with an expected term of at least one year. Some leases include one or more options to renew. The exercise of lease renewal options is generally at our discretion. The depreciable lives of ROU assets are limited to the expected lease term. Our lease agreements do not contain any residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants. As of September 30, 2020, we do not have any non-cancellable operating lease commitments that have not yet commenced.

ROU assets are classified within other intangibles, deferred costs and investments, net on the condensed consolidated balance sheet while current lease liabilities are classified within other accrued expenses and long-term lease liabilities are classified within other liabilities. Leases with an initial term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the balance sheet. ROU assets and lease liabilities were \$6.3 million and \$6.6 million at September 30, 2020 and \$6.9 million and \$7.0 million at December 31, 2019, respectively. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, we recorded an additional \$168,000 and \$762,000 of lease liabilities under operating leases. Payments on lease liabilities during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 totaled \$444,000, \$1,302,000, \$442,000 and \$1,258,000, respectively.

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.****NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)**

Lease expense includes cost for leases with terms in excess of one year. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, our total lease expense was \$444,000, \$1,310,000, \$420,000 and \$1,272,000, respectively. Short-term lease costs are de minimus.

We have no financing leases and minimum annual rental commitments under non-cancellable operating leases consisted of the following at September 30, 2020 (in thousands):

<b>Years Ending December 31,</b>	
2020 (a)	\$ 438
2021	1,710
2022	1,552
2023	1,226
2024	892
Thereafter	1,911
Total lease payments (b)	7,729
Less: Interest (c)	1,134
Present value of lease liabilities (d)	<u>\$ 6,595</u>

- (a) Remaining payments are for the three-months ending December 31, 2020
- (b) Lease payments include options to extend lease terms that are reasonably certain of being exercised. There were no legally binding minimum lease payments for leases signed but not yet commenced at September 30, 2020.
- (c) Our leases do not provide a readily determinable implicit rate. Therefore, we must estimate our discount rate for such leases to determine the present value of lease payments at the lease commencement date.
- (d) The weighted average remaining lease term and weighted average discount rate used in calculating our lease liabilities were 6.5 years and 4.5%, respectively, at September 30, 2020.

**7. Acquisitions and Dispositions**

We actively seek and explore opportunities for expansion through the acquisition of additional broadcast properties. The consolidated statements of income include the operating results of the acquired stations from their respective dates of acquisition. All acquisitions were accounted for as purchases and, accordingly, the total purchase consideration was allocated to the acquired assets and assumed liabilities based on their estimated fair values as of the acquisition dates. The excess of the consideration paid over the estimated fair value of net assets acquired have been recorded as goodwill. The Company accounts for acquisitions under the provisions of FASB ASC Topic 805, *Business Combinations*.

Management assigned fair values to the acquired property and equipment through a combination of cost and market approaches based upon each specific asset's replacement cost, with a provision for depreciation, and to the acquired intangibles, primarily an FCC license, based on the Greenfield valuation methodology, a discounted cash flow approach.

**2020 Acquisitions**

On January 2, 2020, the Company closed on an agreement to purchase W295BL from Basic Holdings, LLC, for an aggregate purchase price of \$200 thousand, of which \$10 thousand was paid in 2019 and the remaining \$190 thousand paid in 2020. Management attributes the goodwill recognized in the acquisition to the power of the existing brands in the Manchester, New Hampshire market as well as synergies and growth opportunities expected through the combination with the Company's existing stations. The translators are start-up stations and therefore, have no pro forma revenue and expenses.

## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

**2019 Acquisitions**

On January 9, 2019, the Company closed on an agreement to purchase WPVQ-AM and W222CH from County Broadcasting Company, LLC for an aggregate purchase price of \$210 thousand. Management attributes the goodwill recognized in the acquisition to the power of the existing brands in the Greenfield, Massachusetts market as well as synergies and growth opportunities expected through the combination with the Company's existing stations. The pro forma results for this acquisition are not deemed material and therefore are not presented in the footnotes.

**Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet of 2020 and 2019 Acquisitions:**

The following unaudited condensed balance sheets represent the estimated fair value assigned to the related assets and liabilities of the 2020 and 2019 acquisitions.

**Saga Communications, Inc.****Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet of 2020 and 2019 Acquisitions**

	Acquisitions in	
	2020	2019
	(In thousands)	
<b>Assets Acquired:</b>		
Current assets	\$ —	\$ —
Property and equipment	11	25
Other assets:		
Broadcast licenses	46	61
Goodwill	143	124
Other intangibles, deferred costs and investments	—	—
Total other assets	189	185
Total assets acquired	200	210
<b>Liabilities Assumed:</b>		
Current liabilities	—	—
Total liabilities assumed	—	—
Net assets acquired	\$ 200	\$ 210

**8. Income taxes**

On March 18, 2020, the Families First Coronavirus Response Act ("FFCR Act"), and on March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") were each enacted in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. The FFCR Act and the CARES Act contain numerous tax provisions, such as deferring payroll payments, establishing a credit for the retention of certain employees, relaxing limitations on the deductibility of interest, and updating the definition of qualified improvement property. This legislation currently has no material impact to the Company's financial statements.

An income tax expense of \$1.1 million was recorded for the three months ended September 30, 2020 compared to income tax expense of \$1.5 million for the three months ended September 30, 2019. The effective tax rate was approximately 628% for the three months ended September 30, 2020 compared to 30.5% for the three months ended September 30, 2019. An income tax benefit of \$2.0 million was recorded for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to income tax expense of \$3.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. The effective tax rate was approximately 32.1% for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 compared to 29.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2019. Income tax provisions for interim (quarterly) periods are based on estimated annual income tax rates and are adjusted for the effects of significant, infrequent or unusual items (i.e. discrete items) occurring during the interim period. The current quarter and year to date tax rate was impacted by the broadcast license impairment charge which was a discrete item and contributed approximately \$400 thousand of tax benefit for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and \$1.5 million of tax benefit for the nine month period ended September 30, 2020.



## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

**9. Stock-Based Compensation*****2005 Incentive Compensation Plan***

On October 16, 2013 our stockholders approved the Second Amended and Restated Saga Communications, Inc. 2005 Incentive Compensation Plan, which was amended in 2018 after approval of the amendment by our stockholders at our 2018 annual meeting (as amended, the “Second Restated 2005 Plan”). The 2005 Incentive Compensation Plan, which replaced our 2003 Stock Option Plan, was first approved by stockholders in 2005 and subsequently this plan was re-approved by stockholders in 2010. The changes made in 2013 in the Second Restated 2005 Plan (i) increased the number of authorized shares by 233,334 shares of Common Stock, (ii) extended the date for making awards to September 6, 2018, (iii) included directors as participants, (iv) targeted awards according to groupings of participants based on ranges of base salary of employees and/or retainers of directors, (v) required participants to retain 50 % of their net annual restricted stock awards during their employment or service as a director, and (vi) included a clawback provision. The 2018 amendment to the Second Restated 2005 Plan (i) extended the date for making awards to September 6, 2023 and (ii) increased the number of authorized shares under the Plan by 90,000 shares of Class B Common Stock. The Second Restated 2005 Plan allows for the granting of restricted stock, restricted stock units, incentive stock options, nonqualified stock options, and performance awards to eligible employees and non-employee directors.

The number of shares of Common Stock that may be issued under the Second Restated 2005 Plan may not exceed 370,000 shares of Class B Common Stock, 990,000 shares of Class A Common Stock of which up to 620,000 shares of Class A Common Stock may be issued pursuant to incentive stock options and 370,000 Class A Common Stock issuable upon conversion of Class B Common Stock. Awards denominated in Class A Common Stock may be granted to any employee or director under the Second Restated 2005 Plan. However, awards denominated in Class B Common Stock may only be granted to Edward K. Christian, President, Chief Executive Officer, Chairman of the Board of Directors, and the holder of 100% of the outstanding Class B Common Stock of the Company. Stock options granted under the Second Restated 2005 Plan may be for terms not exceeding ten years from the date of grant and may not be exercised at a price which is less than 100% of the fair market value of shares at the date of grant.

***Stock-Based Compensation***

All stock options granted were fully vested and expensed at December 31, 2012, therefore there was no compensation expense related to stock options for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

There were no options granted during 2020 and 2019 and there were no stock options outstanding as of September 30, 2020. All outstanding stock options were exercised in 2017.

The following summarizes the restricted stock transactions for the nine months ended September 30, 2020:

	Shares	Weighted Average Grant Date Fair Value
Outstanding at January 1, 2020	128,224	\$ 34.66
Vested	5,376	34.83
Forfeited	1,802	33.67
Non-vested and outstanding at September 30, 2020	<u>121,046</u>	<u>\$ 34.67</u>

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, we had \$618,000, \$1,799,000, \$532,000 and \$1,656,000, respectively, of total compensation expense related to restricted stock-based compensation arrangements. This expense is included in corporate general and administrative expenses in our results of operations. The associated tax

## SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

## NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)

benefit recognized for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 was \$71,000, \$198,000, \$51,000 and \$176,000, respectively.

**10. Long-Term Debt**

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	(In thousands)	
Revolving credit facility	\$ 10,000	\$ 10,000
Amounts payable within one year	—	—
	<u>\$ 10,000</u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u>

On August 18, 2015, we entered into a new credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., The Huntington National Bank, Citizens Bank, National Association and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC. The Credit Facility consists of a \$100 million five-year revolving facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) and originally matured on August 18, 2020. On June 27, 2018, the Company entered into a Second Amendment to its Credit Facility, (the “Second Amendment”), which had first been amended on September 1, 2017, extending the revolving credit maturity date under the Credit Agreement for five years after the date of the amendment to June 27, 2023. On July 1, 2019, we elected to reduce our Revolving Credit Facility to \$70 million. On May 11, 2020 we entered into an assumption agreement and amendment of loan documents as part of our reincorporation as a Florida corporation. The amendment also includes an alternative benchmark rate as a replacement to LIBOR. A copy of this assumption agreement and amendment is was filed as Exhibit 10(v) to our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020.

We have pledged substantially all of our assets (excluding our FCC licenses and certain other assets) in support of the Credit Facility and each of our subsidiaries has guaranteed the Credit Facility and has pledged substantially all of their assets (excluding their FCC licenses and certain other assets) in support of the Credit Facility.

Approximately \$266,000 of debt issuance costs related to the Credit Facility were capitalized and are being amortized over the life of the Credit Facility. These debt issuance costs are included in other assets, net in the consolidated balance sheets. As a result of the Second Amendment, the Company incurred an additional \$120,000 of transaction fees related to the Credit Facility that were capitalized. The cumulative transaction fees are being amortized over the remaining life of the Credit Facility.

Interest rates under the Credit Facility are payable, at our option, at alternatives equal to LIBOR (0.1875% at September 30, 2020), plus 1% to 2% or the base rate plus 0% to 1%. The spread over LIBOR and the base rate vary from time to time, depending upon our financial leverage. As previously noted, the May 11, 2020 amendment to the Credit Facility includes an alternative benchmark to LIBOR in the event LIBOR is no longer available. Letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility will be subject to a participation fee (which is equal to the interest rate applicable to Eurocurrency Loans, as defined in the Credit Agreement) payable to each of the Lenders and a fronting fee equal to 0.25% per annum payable to the issuing bank. We also pay quarterly commitment fees of 0.2% to 0.3% per annum on the unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains a number of financial covenants (all of which we were in compliance with at September 30, 2020) which, among other things, require us to maintain specified financial ratios and impose certain limitations on us with respect to investments, additional indebtedness, dividends, distributions, guarantees, liens and encumbrances.

On June 7, 2019, we used \$5 million from funds generated by operations to voluntarily pay down a portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

On February 4, 2019, we used \$5 million from funds generated by operations to voluntarily pay down a portion of our Revolving Credit Facility which was presented in current portion of long-term debt on our balance sheet at December 31, 2018.

**SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.**

**NOTES TO UNAUDITED CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – (Continued)**

We had approximately \$60 million of unused borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility at September 30, 2020.

**11. Litigation**

The Company is subject to various outstanding claims which arise in the ordinary course of business and to other legal proceedings. Management anticipates that any potential liability of the Company, which may arise out of or with respect to these matters, will not materially affect the Company's financial statements.

**12. Dividends**

On June 18, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors announced that it was temporarily suspending the quarterly cash dividend in response to the continued uncertainty of the ongoing impact of COVID-19.

On March 4, 2020, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.32 per share on its Classes A and B Common Stock. This dividend, totaling approximately \$1.9 million, was paid on April 10, 2020 to shareholders of record on March 16, 2020.

On December 11, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.30 per share on its Classes A and B shares. This dividend totaling approximately \$1.8 million was paid on January 17, 2020 to shareholders of record on December 27, 2019 and funded by cash on the Company's balance sheet.

On September 12, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.30 per share on its Classes A and B Common Stock. This dividend, totaling approximately \$1.8 million was paid on October 11, 2019 to shareholders of record on September 23, 2019 and funded by cash on the Company's balance sheet.

On May 30, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.30 per share on its Classes A and B Common Stock. This dividend, totaling approximately \$1.8 million, was paid on July 5, 2019 to shareholders of record on June 14, 2019 and funded by cash on the Company's balance sheet.

On February 26, 2019, the Company's Board of Directors declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.30 per share on its Classes A and B Common Stock. This dividend, totaling approximately \$1.8 million, was paid on March 29, 2019 to shareholders of record on March 12, 2019.

**13. Other Income**

During the first quarter of 2020, the Company sold land and a building on one of its tower sites in its Bellingham, Washington market for approximately \$1.7 million to Talbot Real Estate, LLC. The cash was received on April 1, 2020. The Company recognized a gain on the sale of assets of approximately \$1.4 million as of June 30, 2020. The gain is recorded in the other operating (income) expense, net in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

During the first quarter of 2020, there was weather related damage to an antenna in our Keene, New Hampshire market. The Company's insurance policy provided coverage for removal and replacement of the antenna and related equipment. The insurance settlement was finalized during the first quarter and the Company received cash proceeds of \$208 thousand, resulting in a gain of \$208 thousand. The gain is recorded in other (income) expense, net, in the Company's Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

***Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations***

**COVID-19 Impact and Response**

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared the novel strain of coronavirus (COVID-19) a global pandemic and recommended containment and mitigation measures worldwide. Throughout the third quarter of 2020 the COVID-19 pandemic has continued to spread. During the second quarter of 2020, numerous state and local governments issued or extended "shelter-in-place" orders, materially impacting and restricting various aspects of our business. While these "shelter-in-place" orders have been lifted, there have been varying degrees to which the economy has reopened in each state. Our broadcast revenue has been significantly negatively impacted in the majority of states where we operate. We have continued to experience a number of cancellations of advertising on our stations, especially regarding events, venues, sports, high ticket items, healthcare and automotive sales during the third quarter of 2020. Our sales teams are focused on how to meet changing needs of our customers in this environment. We are investing in training our salespeople using a variety of different programs. We have been successful at creating fresh, innovative and effective new advertising which has helped generate business for a number of our customers so that they are better positioned to remain open. Our operations are functioning, subject to regulated restrictions and safety constraints we have enacted in order to protect our employees and customers.

In response to the pandemic, we instituted the following actions in March which remained in place for some portion of the third quarter:

- Placed restrictions on business travel for our employees and imposed mandatory quarantine periods for employees who traveled to areas impacted by the pandemic;
- Closed our stations to the general public and shifted to appointment-only interactions with our customers where permitted, following recommended distancing and other health and safety protocols when meeting in person with a customer;
- Modified our corporate and station office functions in order to allow all of our employees to work remotely except for essential minimum basic operations which could only be done in an office or studio setting;

The severity of governmental restrictions and the date we resumed more normal operations varied by market during the second quarter and third quarter based on the reduction in restrictions under "shelter-in-place" orders and improved public health conditions. While all of the above-referenced steps were, and some remain, necessary and appropriate in light of the COVID-19 pandemic, they impacted our ability to operate our business in its ordinary and traditional course. Those restrictions, combined with a reduction in the advertising abilities of our customers, which in each case has varied by market depending on the scope of the restrictions local authorities have established, have tempered our sales pace in the latter part of March and through the date of this report. The potential magnitude or duration of the business and economic impacts from the unprecedented public health effort to contain and combat the spread of COVID-19 are uncertain and include, among other things, significant volatility in financial markets. In addition, we can provide no assurance as to whether the COVID-19 public health effort will be intensified to such an extent that we will not be able to conduct any business operations in certain of our served markets or at all for an indefinite period.

As a result of the current challenging economic conditions, our reported results for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 are not reflective of current market conditions. We began the year under positive conditions however our operating income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 decreased by \$4,554,000 and \$19,619,000, over the comparable prior year period. Advertising spending has significantly declined as a result of the disruptions to business activity in the markets where we operate due to the pandemic. This decline in advertising spending is causing our revenue and related net income to significantly decline. We have however seen some increase in revenue from a low point in the second quarter of 2020, although not to levels expected prior to the pandemic. We anticipate our revenue for the fourth quarter of 2020 to be lower than 2019 by 5% to 10%. Although we have undertaken a number of steps to reduce costs, such cost control measures will not completely offset the declines in revenue. The extent to which these revenue conditions will persist is difficult to predict, given the uncertainty around further restrictive measures by governmental authorities and the duration of those actions. As the pandemic spread and government and business responses expanded, we focused on protecting our liquidity and closely managing our cash flows, including taking the following actions:

- Delaying capital expenditures where practical,
- Suspending the repurchase of shares under our share repurchase program,
- Temporarily suspending our quarterly dividend beginning in the second quarter,

- Implementing a series of initiatives to control or reduce costs,
- Consistently monitoring, following up and managing accounts receivable and collections,
- Providing innovative new sales strategies to help the businesses in the communities we serve,
- Providing many existing clients and other local businesses with free advertising to assist in their survival and to help them prepare for an eventual turnaround.

While we cannot reasonably estimate the length or severity of this pandemic, an extended economic slowdown in the U.S. could materially impact our consolidated financial position, consolidated results of operations, and consolidated cash flows in fiscal 2020 or beyond.

## **Results of Operations**

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Saga Communications, Inc. and its subsidiaries contained elsewhere herein and the audited financial statements and Management Discussion and Analysis contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019. The following discussion is presented on a consolidated basis.

We use certain financial measures that are not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America (GAAP) to assess our financial performance. For example, we evaluate the performance of our markets based on “station operating income” (operating income plus corporate general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization, other operating (income) expenses, and impairment of intangible assets). Station operating income is generally recognized by the broadcasting industry as a measure of performance, is used by analysts who report on the performance of the broadcasting industry and serves as an indicator of the market value of a group of stations. In addition, we use it to evaluate individual stations, market-level performance, overall operations and as a primary measure for incentive based compensation of executives and other members of management. Station operating income is not necessarily indicative of amounts that may be available to us for debt service requirements, other commitments, reinvestment or other discretionary uses. Station operating income is not a measure of liquidity or of performance in accordance with GAAP, and should be viewed as a supplement to, and not a substitute for our results of operations presented on a GAAP basis.

## **General**

We are a broadcast company primarily engaged in acquiring, developing and operating broadcast properties. We actively seek and explore opportunities for expansion through the acquisition of additional broadcast properties. We review acquisition opportunities on an ongoing basis. For additional information with respect to acquisitions, see “Liquidity and Capital Resources” below. We own or operate broadcast properties in 27 markets, including 79 FM and 34 AM radio stations and 78 metro signals.

## **Radio Stations**

Our radio stations’ primary source of revenue is from the sale of advertising for broadcast on our stations. Depending on the format of a particular radio station, there are a predetermined number of advertisements available to be broadcast each hour. We have twenty-seven radio station markets, which include all 113 of our radio stations. The discussion of our operating performance focuses on operating income because we manage our stations primarily on operating income. Operating performance is evaluated for each individual market.

Most advertising contracts are short-term and generally run for a few weeks only. The majority of our revenue is generated from local advertising, which is sold primarily by each radio markets’ sales staff. For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, approximately 86% and 89%, respectively, of our radio station’s gross revenue was from local advertising. To generate national advertising sales, we engage independent advertising sales representative firms that specialize in national sales for each of our broadcast markets.

Our revenue varies throughout the year. Advertising expenditures, our primary source of revenue, generally have been lowest during the winter months, which include the first quarter of each year. We expect an increase in political advertising for 2020 due to the increased number of national, state and local elections in most of our markets as compared to the prior year.

Our net operating revenue, station operating expense and operating income varies from market to market based upon the market's rank or size which is based upon population and the available radio advertising revenue in that particular market.

The broadcasting industry and advertising in general, is influenced by the state of the overall economy, including unemployment rates, inflation, energy prices and consumer interest rates. Our stations primarily broadcast in small to midsize markets. Historically, these markets have been more stable than major metropolitan markets during downturns in advertising spending, but may not experience increases in such spending as significant as those in major metropolitan markets in periods of economic improvement.

Our financial results are dependent on a number of factors, the most significant of which is our ability to generate advertising revenue through rates charged to advertisers. The rates a station is able to charge are, in large part, based on a station's ability to attract audiences in the demographic groups targeted by its advertisers. In a number of our markets this is measured by periodic reports generated by independent national rating services. In the remainder of our markets it is measured by the results advertisers obtain through the actual running of an advertising schedule. Advertisers measure these results based on increased demand for their goods or services and/or actual revenues generated from such demand. Various factors affect the rate a station can charge, including the general strength of the local and national economies, population growth, ability to provide popular programming, local market competition, target marketing capability of radio compared to other advertising media and signal strength.

When we acquire and/or begin to operate a station or group of stations we generally increase programming and advertising and promotion expenses to increase our share of our target demographic audience. Our strategy sometimes requires levels of spending commensurate with the revenue levels we plan on achieving in two to five years. During periods of economic downturns, or when the level of advertising spending is flat or down across the industry, this strategy may result in the appearance that our cost of operations is increasing at a faster rate than our growth in revenues, until such time as we achieve our targeted levels of revenue for the acquired station or group of stations.

The number of advertisements that can be broadcast without jeopardizing listening levels (and the resulting ratings) is limited in part by the format of a particular radio station. Our stations strive to maximize revenue by constantly managing the number of commercials available for sale and adjusting prices based upon local market conditions and ratings. While there may be shifts from time to time in the number of advertisements broadcast during a particular time of day, the total number of advertisements broadcast on a particular station generally does not vary significantly from year to year. Any change in our revenue, with the exception of those instances where stations are acquired or sold, is generally the result of inventory sell out ratios and pricing adjustments, which are made to ensure that the station efficiently utilizes available inventory.

Our radio stations employ a variety of programming formats. We periodically perform market research, including music evaluations, focus groups and strategic vulnerability studies. Because reaching a large and demographically attractive audience is crucial to a station's financial success, we endeavor to develop strong listener loyalty. Our stations also employ audience promotions to further develop and secure a loyal following. We believe that the diversification of formats on our radio stations helps to insulate us from the effects of changes in musical tastes of the public on any particular format.

The primary operating expenses involved in owning and operating radio stations are employee salaries, sales commissions, programming expenses, depreciation, and advertising and promotion expenses.

The radio broadcasting industry is subject to rapid technological change, evolving industry standards and the emergence of new media technologies and services. These new technologies and media are gaining advertising share against radio and other traditional media.

We are continuing to expand our digital initiative to provide a seamless experience across multiple platforms. Our goal is to allow our listeners to connect with our brands on demand, wherever, however and whenever they choose. We continue to create opportunities through targeted digital advertising and an array of digital services that include online promotions, mobile messaging, and email marketing.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, our Charleston, South Carolina; Columbus, Ohio; Des Moines, Iowa; Milwaukee, Wisconsin and Norfolk, Virginia markets, when combined, represented approximately 38%, 38%, 39% and 41%, respectively, of our consolidated net operating

revenue. An adverse change in any of these radio markets or our relative market position in those markets could have a significant impact on our operating results as a whole.

The following tables describe the percentage of our consolidated net operating revenue represented by each of these markets:

Market:	Percentage of Consolidated Net Operating Revenue for the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Percentage of Consolidated Net Operating Revenue for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	2019	2018
Charleston, South Carolina	5 %	5 %	5 %	5 %
Columbus, Ohio	10 %	10 %	11 %	11 %
Des Moines, Iowa	6 %	6 %	6 %	7 %
Milwaukee, Wisconsin	11 %	11 %	11 %	12 %
Norfolk, Virginia	6 %	6 %	6 %	6 %

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, the radio stations in our five largest markets, when combined, represented approximately 52%, 42%, 43% and 46%, respectively, of our consolidated station operating income. We note that the percent of consolidated station operating income at September 30, 2020 is higher than normal due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our markets. If the pandemic is resolved, we would anticipate results by market to be back to normalized amounts in future years. The following tables describe the percentage of our consolidated station operating income represented by each of these markets:

Market:	Percentage of Consolidated Station Operating Income (*) for the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Percentage of Consolidated Station Operating Income(*) for the Years Ended December 31,	
	2020	2019	2019	2018
Charleston, South Carolina	4 %	3 %	4 %	4 %
Columbus, Ohio	19 %	15 %	15 %	16 %
Des Moines, Iowa	6 %	6 %	6 %	6 %
Milwaukee, Wisconsin	16 %	12 %	12 %	14 %
Norfolk, Virginia	7 %	6 %	6 %	6 %

\* Operating income adjusted for corporate general and administrative expenses, depreciation and amortization, other operating (income) expenses, and impairment of intangible assets.



### Three Months Ended September 30, 2020 Compared to Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

#### Results of Operations

The following tables summarize our results of operations for the three months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

#### Consolidated Results of Operations

	Three Months Ended		\$ Increase (Decrease)	% Increase (Decrease)
	September 30, 2020	September 30, 2019		
(In thousands, except percentages and per share information)				
Net operating revenue	\$ 24,143	\$ 31,274	\$ (7,131)	(22.8)%
Station operating expense	19,616	23,600	(3,984)	(16.9)%
Corporate general and administrative	2,838	2,788	50	1.8 %
Other operating (income) expense, net	50	85	(35)	N/M
Impairment of broadcast licenses	1,392	—	1,392	N/M
Operating income (loss)	247	4,801	(4,554)	(94.9)%
Interest expense	75	180	(105)	(58.3)%
Interest income	(8)	(162)	154	(95.1)%
Other income	—	(11)	11	N/M
Income (loss) before income tax (benefit) expense	180	4,794	(4,614)	(96.2)%
Income tax (benefit) expense	1,130	1,460	(330)	(22.6)%
Net income (loss)	\$ (950)	\$ 3,334	\$ (4,284)	(128.5)%
Earnings (loss) per share (diluted)	\$ (.16)	\$ .56	(\$ .72)	(128.6)%

N/M = Not Meaningful

For the three months ended September 30, 2020, consolidated net operating revenue was \$24,143,000 compared with \$31,274,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$7,131,000 or 22.8%. The decrease in revenue was attributable to the COVID-19 pandemic and various governmental shutdowns within the markets we operate. We had decreases in gross local revenue of \$6,995,000, gross national revenue of \$1,130,000, non-spot revenue of \$645,000, and gross barter revenue of \$509,000 partially offset by an increase in gross political revenue of \$1,692,000 and a decrease in agency commissions of \$547,000, from the third quarter of 2019. The decrease in gross local, national and barter revenue was at the majority of our markets as a result of the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic and the disruption to our advertisers' businesses. The decrease in non-spot gross revenue is primarily due to decreases in the number of events being held due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The increase in gross political revenue was attributable to more national, local and state elections in 2020 versus 2019. The decrease in agency commissions is due to the decrease in gross revenue.

Station operating expense was \$19,616,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2020, compared with \$23,600,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$3,984,000 or 16.9%. The decrease in operating expense was primarily a result of decreases in compensation related expenses, sales rating survey expenses, commission expense, barter expenses, music licensing fees, and advertising and promotional expenses, of \$1,039,000, \$680,000, \$656,000, \$488,000, \$205,000 and \$178,000 respectively from the third quarter of 2019.

We had operating income for the three months ended September 30, 2020 of \$247,000 compared to \$4,801,000 for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$4,554,000. The decrease was a result of the decrease in net operating revenue partially offset by the decrease in station operating expense, noted above, and a non cash impairment charge related to our broadcast licenses of \$1,392,000, an increase in corporate general and administrative expenses of \$50,000 and a decrease in other operating expense of \$35,000. The increase in corporate general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to increases in non cash compensation expenses, legal expenses and insurance expenses of \$87,000, \$87,000, and \$52,000, respectively, partially offset by decreases in travel related expenses of \$109,000 and compensation related expenses of \$63,000, from third quarter of 2019.

We generated a net loss of \$950,000 (\$0.16 per share on a fully diluted basis) during the three months ended September 30, 2020, compared to net income of \$3,334,000 (\$0.56 per share on a fully diluted basis) for the three months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$4,284,000. The decrease in net income is primarily due to the decrease in operating income, described above, a decrease in interest income of \$154,000 partially offset by a decrease



in income tax expense of \$330,000 and a decrease in our interest expense of \$105,000. The decrease in our interest expense is due to a decrease in our interest rate. The decrease in our income tax expense is due to the decrease in income before income tax.

**Nine Months Ended September 30, 2020 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019**

**Results of Operations**

The following tables summarize our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019.

**Consolidated Results of Operations**

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		\$ Increase	% Increase
	2020	2019	(Decrease)	(Decrease)
	(In thousands, except percentages and per share information)			
Net operating revenue	\$ 67,060	\$ 91,281	\$ (24,221)	(26.5)%
Station operating expense	60,467	69,642	(9,175)	(13.2)%
Corporate general and administrative	8,923	8,179	744	9.1 %
Other operating (income) expense, net	(1,234)	86	(1,320)	N/M
Impairment of broadcast licenses	5,149	—	5,149	N/M
Operating income (loss)	(6,245)	13,374	(19,619)	(146.7)%
Interest expense	265	572	(307)	(53.7)%
Interest income	(141)	(485)	344	(70.9)%
Other income	(213)	(11)	(202)	N/M
Income (loss) before income tax (benefit) expense	(6,156)	13,298	(19,454)	(146.3)%
Income tax (benefit) expense	(1,975)	3,860	(5,835)	(151.2)%
Net income (loss)	\$ (4,181)	\$ 9,438	\$ (13,619)	(144.3)%
Earnings (loss) per share (diluted)	\$ (.70)	\$ 1.59	(2.29)	(144.0)%

N/M = Not Meaningful

For the nine months ended September 30, 2020, consolidated net operating revenue was \$67,060,000 compared with \$91,281,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$24,221,000 or 26.5%. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to the COVID-19 pandemic and various governmental shutdowns within the markets we operate and the country as a whole. We had a decrease in gross local revenue of \$22,238,000, a decrease in gross national revenue of \$3,468,000, a decrease in non-spot gross revenue of \$1,605,000 and a decrease in barter revenue of \$1,227,000 partially offset by an increase in gross political revenue of \$2,749,000 and a decrease in agency commissions of \$2,125,000, for the comparable period of 2019. The decrease in gross local, national and barter revenue was at the majority of our markets. The decrease in non-spot gross revenue is primarily due to decreases in the number of events being held due to the COVID-19 pandemic. The increase in gross political revenue was attributable to more national, local and state elections in 2020 versus 2019. The decrease in agency commissions is due to the decrease in gross revenue.

Station operating expense was \$60,467,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared with \$69,642,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$9,175,000 or 13.2%. The decrease in operating expense was primarily a result of decreases in commission expense, sales ratings survey expenses, compensation related expenses, barter expenses, music licensing fees and advertising and promotional expenses of \$2,374,000, \$1,927,000, \$1,768,000, \$1,103,000, \$515,000 and \$419,000 respectively for the comparable period of 2019.

We had an operating loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 of \$6,245,000 compared to operating income of \$13,374,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$19,619,000. The decrease was a result of the decrease in net operating revenue partially offset by the decrease in station operating expense, noted above, and a non cash impairment charge related to our broadcast licenses of \$5,149,000, an increase in corporate general and administrative expenses of \$744,000 offset by an increase in other operating income of \$1,320,000 due to a gain on the sale of land and a building at one of our tower sites in Bellingham, Washington for \$1.4 million. The increase in corporate general and administrative expenses was primarily attributable to increases in legal expenses, contribution

expenses, non cash compensation related expenses, insurance expenses and franchise tax expenses of \$258,000, \$153,000, \$145,000, \$110,000 and \$80,000, respectively for the comparable period of 2019.

We generated a net loss of \$4,181,000 (\$(0.70) per share on a fully diluted basis) during the nine months ended September 30, 2020, compared to net income of \$9,438,000 (\$1.59 per share on a fully diluted basis) for the nine months ended September 30, 2019, a decrease of \$13,619,000. The decrease in net income is primarily due to the decrease in operating income, described above, a decrease in interest income of \$344,000, and a decrease in income tax expense of \$5,835,000 partially offset by increase in other income of \$202,000 due to insurance proceeds for weather-related damage, and a decrease in interest expense of \$307,000. The decrease in our interest expense is due to a decrease in our interest rate and a decrease in our debt outstanding. The decrease in our income tax expense is due to the decrease in income before income tax.

### **Forward-Looking Statements**

Statements contained in this Form 10-Q that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements that are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. In addition, words such as “believes,” “anticipates,” “estimates,” “plans,” “expects,” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. These statements are made as of the date of this report or as otherwise indicated, based on current expectations. We undertake no obligation to update this information. A number of important factors could cause our actual results for 2020 and beyond to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statements made by us or on our behalf. Forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance as they involve a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may prove to be incorrect and that may cause our actual results and experiences to differ materially from the anticipated results or other expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements. The risks, uncertainties and assumptions that may affect our performance include our financial leverage and debt service requirements, dependence on key personnel, dependence on key stations, U.S. and local economic conditions, our ability to successfully integrate acquired stations, regulatory requirements, new technologies, natural disasters, terrorist attacks, and the effects of the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. We cannot be sure that we will be able to anticipate or respond timely to changes in any of these factors, which could adversely affect the operating results in one or more fiscal quarters. Results of operations in any past period should not be considered, in and of itself, indicative of the results to be expected for future periods. Fluctuations in operating results may also result in fluctuations in the price of our stock.

For a more complete description of the prominent risks and uncertainties inherent in our business, see Item 1A. “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 and in this Report.

### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

#### ***Debt Arrangements and Debt Service Requirements***

On August 18, 2015, we entered into a new credit facility (the “Credit Facility”) with JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., The Huntington National Bank, Citizens Bank, National Association and J.P. Morgan Securities LLC. The Credit Facility consists of a \$100 million five-year revolving facility (the “Revolving Credit Facility”) and originally matured on August 18, 2020. On June 27, 2018, the Company entered into a Second Amendment to its Credit Facility, (the “Second Amendment”), which had first been amended on September 1, 2017, extending the revolving credit maturity date under the Credit Agreement for five years after the date of the amendment to June 27, 2023. On July 1, 2019, we elected to reduce our Revolving Credit Facility to \$70 million. On May 11, 2020 we entered into an assumption agreement and amendment of loan documents as part of our reincorporation as a Florida corporation. The amendment also includes an alternative benchmark rate as a replacement to LIBOR. A copy of this assumption agreement and amendment is was filed as Exhibit 10(v) to our Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2020.

We have pledged substantially all of our assets (excluding our FCC licenses and certain other assets) in support of the Credit Facility and each of our subsidiaries has guaranteed the Credit Facility and has pledged substantially all of their assets (excluding their FCC licenses and certain other assets) in support of the Credit Facility.

Approximately \$266,000 of debt issuance costs related to the Credit Facility were capitalized and are being amortized over the life of the Credit Facility. These debt issuance costs are included in other assets, net in the consolidated balance sheets. As a result of the Second Amendment, the Company incurred an additional \$120,000 of transaction fees related to the Credit Facility that were capitalized. The cumulative transaction fees are being amortized over the remaining life of the Credit Facility.

Interest rates under the Credit Facility are payable, at our option, at alternatives equal to LIBOR (0.1875% at September 30, 2020), plus 1% to 2% or the base rate plus 0% to 1%. The spread over LIBOR and the base rate vary from time to time, depending upon our financial leverage. As previously noted, the May 11, 2020 amendment to the Credit Facility includes an alternative to LIBOR in the event LIBOR is no longer available. Letters of credit issued under the Credit Facility will be subject to a participation fee (which is equal to the interest rate applicable to Eurocurrency Loans, as defined in the Credit Agreement) payable to each of the Lenders and a fronting fee equal to 0.25% per annum payable to the issuing bank. We also pay quarterly commitment fees of 0.2% to 0.3% per annum on the unused portion of the Revolving Credit Facility.

The Credit Facility contains a number of financial covenants (all of which we were in compliance with at September 30, 2020) which, among other things, require us to maintain specified financial ratios and impose certain limitations on us with respect to investments, additional indebtedness, dividends, distributions, guarantees, liens and encumbrances.

On June 7, 2019, we used \$5 million from funds generated by operations to voluntarily pay down a portion of our Revolving Credit Facility.

On February 4, 2019, we used \$5 million from funds generated by operations to voluntarily pay down a portion of our Revolving Credit Facility which was presented in current portion of long-term debt on our balance sheet at December 31, 2018.

We had approximately \$60 million of unused borrowing capacity under the Revolving Credit Facility at September 30, 2020.

#### ***Sources and Uses of Cash***

During the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019, we had net cash flows from operating activities of \$8,206,000 and \$18,968,000, respectively. We believe that cash flow from operations will be sufficient to meet quarterly debt service requirements for interest and payments of principal under our Credit Facility. However, if such cash flow is not sufficient we may be required to sell additional equity securities, refinance our obligations or dispose of one or more of our properties in order to make such scheduled payments. There can be no assurance that we would be able to effect any such transactions on favorable terms, if at all.

In March 2013, our board of directors authorized an increase to our Stock Buy-Back Program (the “Buy-Back Program”) to allow us to purchase up to \$75.8 million of our Class A Common Stock. From its inception in 1998 through September 30, 2020, we have repurchased 2.1 million shares of our Class A Common Stock for \$56.6 million. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020, approximately 1,000 and 2,600 shares were repurchased for \$22,000 and \$63,000, respectively, related to the Buy-Back Program. Given the unprecedented uncertainty surrounding the COVID-19 virus and the resulting economic issues we have halted the directions for any additional buybacks under our plan.

Our capital expenditures, exclusive of acquisitions, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were \$1,880,000 (\$4,667,000 in 2019). We anticipate capital expenditures in 2020 to be approximately \$2.0 million to \$2.5 million, which we expect to finance through funds generated from operations.

On January 2, 2020, the Company closed on an agreement to purchase W295BL from Basic Holdings, LLC, for an aggregate purchase price of \$200 thousand, of which \$10 thousand was paid in 2019 and the remaining \$190 thousand paid in 2020. Management attributes the goodwill recognized in the acquisition to the power of the existing brands in the Manchester, New Hampshire market as well as synergies and growth opportunities expected through the combination with the Company’s existing stations.

On March 4, 2020, the Company’s Board of Directors declared a regular cash dividend of \$0.32 per share on its Classes A and B Common Stock. This dividend, totaling approximately \$1.9 million, was paid on April 10, 2020 to shareholders of record on March 16, 2020 and was recorded in dividends payable on the Company’s Condensed Consolidated Balance sheet at June 30, 2020.

On December 11, 2019, the Company’s Board of Directors declared a quarterly cash dividend of \$0.30 per share on its Classes A and B shares. This dividend totaling approximately \$1.8 million was paid on January 17, 2020 to shareholders of record on December 27, 2019 and funded by cash on the Company’s balance sheet.

We continue to actively seek and explore opportunities for expansion through the acquisitions of additional broadcast properties.

We anticipate that any future acquisitions of radio and television stations and dividend payments will be financed through funds generated from operations, borrowings under the Credit Agreement, additional debt or equity financing, cash on hand, or a combination thereof. However, there can be no assurances that any such financing will be available on acceptable terms, if at all.

#### ***Summary Disclosures About Contractual Obligations and Commercial Commitments***

We have future cash obligations under various types of contracts, including the terms of our Credit Facility, operating leases, programming contracts, employment agreements, and other operating contracts. For additional information concerning our future cash obligations see “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation — Summary Disclosures About Contractual Obligations” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

We anticipate that our contractual cash obligations will be financed through funds generated from operations or additional borrowings under the Credit Facility, or a combination thereof.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates**

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require us to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures and contingencies. We evaluate estimates used in preparation of our financial statements on a continual basis. Except as set forth below, there have been no significant changes to our critical accounting policies that are described in Item 7. “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Critical Accounting Policies” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

**Broadcast Licenses and Goodwill:** As of September 30, 2020, we have recorded approximately \$90,208,000 in broadcast licenses and \$19,106,000 in goodwill, which represents 45.0% of our total assets. In assessing the recoverability of these assets, we must conduct impairment testing and charge to operations an impairment expense only in the periods in which the carrying value of these assets is more than their fair value. We perform an annual impairment test on October 1 of each year or an interim impairment test when a triggering event occurs.

During 2020, we have recognized a \$5,149,000 impairment charge (\$1,392,000 in the third quarter of 2020 and \$3,757,000 in the second quarter of 2020) for broadcast license due to a decrease in projected revenue in these markets due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic, an increase in the discount rate used in the discounted cash flow analyses to estimate the fair value of our FCC licenses due to certain risks specifically associated with the Company and the radio broadcasting industry, and a decrease in mature operating margins in small markets due to the cost of operations in a small market. We are starting to see increased revenue from our low point in the second quarter of 2020, however, they are not at the previously expected recovery rate. Our third quarter 2020 impairment charge related to our Bellingham, Washington; Champaign, Illinois; Charleston, South Carolina; Columbus, Ohio; Harrisonburg, Virginia; Mitchell, North Dakota; Spencer, Iowa and Springfield, Illinois markets. Our second quarter 2020 impairment charge related to our Bucyrus, Ohio; Champaign, Illinois; Charleston, South Carolina; Columbus, Ohio; Harrisonburg, Virginia; Hilton Head, South Carolina; Mitchell, South Dakota; and Ocala, Florida markets. We also reviewed our value of goodwill and other long-lived assets as of June 30, 2020 and September 30, 2020, noting no impairment in goodwill or other long-lived assets. Please refer to Note 4 — Broadcast Licenses, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, in the accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements for a discussion of several key assumptions used in the fair value estimate of our broadcast licenses during our second and third quarter impairment tests.

There was no impairment of broadcast licenses in 2019 or 2018.

We believe our estimate of the value of our broadcast licenses is a critical accounting estimate as the value is significant in relation to our total assets, and our estimate of the value uses assumptions that incorporate variables based on past experiences and judgments about future operating performance of our stations. These variables include but are not limited to: (1) the forecast growth rate of each radio and television market, including population, household income, retail sales and other expenditures that would influence advertising expenditures; (2) market share and profit margin of an average station within a market; (3) estimated capital start-up costs and losses incurred during the early years; (4)

risk-adjusted discount rate; (5) the likely media competition within the market area; and (6) terminal values. Changes in our estimates of the fair value of these assets could result in material future period write-downs in the carrying value of our broadcast licenses. For illustrative purposes only, had the fair values of each of our broadcasting licenses been lower by 10% as of September 30, 2020, we would have recorded an additional broadcast license impairment of approximately \$5.1 million; had the fair values of each of our broadcasting licenses been lower by 20% as of September 30, 2020, we would have recorded an additional broadcast license impairment of approximately \$11.9 million; and had the fair value of our broadcasting licenses been lower by 30% as of September 30, 2020, we would have recorded an additional broadcast license impairment of approximately \$19.4 million.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

Recent accounting pronouncements are described in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements.

#### **Inflation**

The impact of inflation on our operations has not been significant to date. There can be no assurance that a high rate of inflation in the future would not have an adverse effect on our operations.

#### **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk**

Refer to “Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk” and “Item 7. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations — Market Risk and Risk Management Policies” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019 for a complete discussion of our market risk. There have been no material changes to the market risk information included in our 2019 Annual Report on Form 10-K except as noted below in “Part II – Other Information; Item 1A. Risk Factors”.

#### **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company’s management, including its Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Based upon that evaluation, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures are effective to cause the material information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 to be recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Commission’s rules and forms. There were no changes in the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2020, that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company’s internal controls over financial reporting.

## PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings**

The Company is subject to various outstanding claims which arise in the ordinary course of business and to other legal proceedings. Management anticipates that any potential liability of the Company, which arise out of or with respect to these matters, will not materially affect the Company's financial statements.

### **Item 1A. Risk Factors**

Except as set forth below, as of the date of this report, there have been no material changes to the risk factors we previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2019.

### ***Our business, results of operations and financial condition may be adversely affected by the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the actions taken by governmental authorities in response to the pandemic.***

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic and the measures taken to address the public health concerns resulting from the pandemic have resulted in disruptions to business activity worldwide, volatility in the equity markets and credit markets, and uncertainty in the global economic outlook. Such measures include travel restrictions and national border closings, restrictions on the conduct of non-essential business, closures of workplaces and schools, quarantines, shelter-in-place orders and social distancing orders. These measures have impacted and may further impact our business.

Recently implemented restrictions on business activity and uncertainty in the global economic outlook has caused advertisers to adjust their purchasing plans and a deterioration in economic conditions globally and in the markets in which we operate may cause advertisers to reduce further purchases of advertising. Furthermore, this level of uncertainty may adversely affect our ability to develop information in order to prepare accurate financial forecasts.

In addition, restrictive measures imposed by federal, state and local authorities in the United States as well as health-related concerns related to working conditions, have had, and may continue to have an impact on our business operations. While we are not currently anticipating any material impact to our internal ability to operate our business as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, we may temporarily lose the services of employees or experience interruptions in the normal conduct of businesses or operations of our systems, which could lead to inefficiencies, and disruptions of our regular operations.

Although we have undertaken a number of steps to mitigate the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on our business, including a series of initiatives to control or reduce costs, such cost control measures are unlikely to completely offset declines in revenues. The extent to which COVID-19 impacts our business and financial position will depend on future developments, which are difficult to predict, including the severity and scope of the COVID-19 outbreak as well as the types of measures imposed by governmental authorities to contain the virus or address its impact and the duration of those actions and measures. The imposition of further restrictive measures by governmental authorities to contain the COVID-19 virus or a prolonged period during which any such measures are kept in place would have an adverse impact on our business, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

***Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds***

The following table summarizes our repurchases of our Class A Common Stock during the three months ended September 30, 2020.

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program</b>	<b>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Program(a)</b>
July 1 - July 31, 2020	972	\$ 22.75	—	\$ 19,171,290
August 1 - August 31, 2020	—	\$ —	—	\$ 19,171,290
September 1 - September 30, 2020	—	\$ —	—	\$ 19,171,290
Total	972	\$ 22.75	—	\$ 19,171,290

- (a) We have a Stock Buy-Back Program which allows us to purchase our Class A Common Stock. In February 2013, our Board of Directors authorized an increase in the amount committed to the Buy-Back Program from \$60 million to approximately \$75.8 million.

***Item 6. Exhibits***

- 31.1 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) and Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 31.2 [Certification of Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14\(a\) and Rule 15d-14\(a\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 32 [Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350 and Rule 13-14\(b\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.](#)
- 101.INS Inline XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document)
- 101.SCH Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
- 101.CAL Inline XBRL Taxonomy Calculation Linkbase Document
- 101.DEF Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
- 101.LAB Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
- 101.PRE Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
- (104) Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

**SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

SAGA COMMUNICATIONS, INC.

Date: November 9, 2020

/s/ SAMUEL D. BUSH

Samuel D. Bush

*Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)*

Date: November 9, 2020

/s/ CATHERINE A. BOBINSKI

Catherine A. Bobinski

*Senior Vice President, Chief Accounting Officer and Corporate Controller (Principal Accounting Officer)*



**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)  
AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT, AS AMENDED**

I, Edward K. Christian, Chief Executive Officer of Saga Communications, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Saga Communications, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)), and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2020

/s/ Edward K. Christian  
Edward K. Christian  
Chief Executive Officer

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a)  
AND RULE 15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT, AS AMENDED**

I, Samuel D. Bush, Chief Financial Officer of Saga Communications, Inc., certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Saga Communications, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)), and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)), for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 9, 2020

/s/ Samuel D. Bush

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Samuel D. Bush  
Chief Financial Officer

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**CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Saga Communications, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2020 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), we, Edward K. Christian, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Samuel D. Bush, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, to the best of our knowledge, that:

1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 9, 2020

/s/ Edward K. Christian  
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Edward K. Christian  
Chief Executive Officer

Dated: November 9, 2020

/s/ Samuel D. Bush  
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Samuel D. Bush  
Chief Financial Officer

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